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Judge	Questionnaires?	Length	# Jurors	For Cause	Dismiss Alternates?	Additional Information
Nye	No (as a matter of course nor has it happened yet)	20 mins, after standard questions and litany	7	Usually in open court unless sensitive or necessary to take up in chambers	No consider all 7 part of the jury	Judge will vet your proposed voir dire for anything he won't allow (tell ahead of time); judge may interrupt if thinks getting into facts of the case
Winmill*	Yes if jointly proposed and appropriate	20 mins, after court's voir dire	7	At the time, side-bar or after jurors excused if necessary	No	
Dale	Yes (especially if stipulated) pretrial publicity; sensitive topics not readily addressed in voir dire; lengthy trials. At least 60 days	30-40 mins, after court (incorporate many proposed by parties)	6-8 (extra pre- emptory if more than 8)	During court's exam; otherwise – at the time (unless reason to take up individually); pass the panel for cause before pre-empts.	Yes, although only done once per stipulation to allow 1 of 8 go, but parties jointly withdrew stipulation	One of her favorite parts; tries to open the dialogue; believes attorneys need to develop rappor don't waste it; don't preview evidence
Patricco	Yes if appropriate (complex, sensitive, controversial, high profile) and agreed upon. At least 30 days.	20-30 mins after court's	7	Typically at the time (utilizing side-bars if needed) unless individual voir dire is necessary	No, unless for good cause	Call in about 25 jurors; 13 are in the box (7 + 3 preempts per side) important for all jurors to listen in case there are for cause challenges
Grasham	Generally No, but if appropriate to flush out a particular concern – jointly proposed. At least 45 days	15-20 minutes after court's (incorporate many proposed by parties), more depending on responses	7 (unless longer than 1 week, then maybe more)		No, unless for good cause	Questions should be geared toward ferreting out possible bias or other reasons a juror may not be suitable (NOT to lay the seeds or argue your case)









Judge	Questionnaires?					
Nye	No (as a matter of course nor has it happened yet)		 			
			# Jurors	For Cause	Dismiss Alternates?	Additional Information
Winmill	Yes if jointly proposed and appropriate Yes	ard and litany	7	Usually in open court unless sensitive or necessary to take up in chambers	No consider all 7 part of the jury	Judge will vet your proposed voir dire for anything he won't allow (tell ahead of time); judge may interrupt if thinks getting into facts of the case
Buie	(especially if stipulated) pretrial publicity; sensitive topics not readily addressed in voir dire; lengthy trials. At least 60 days	s voir dire	7	At the time, side-bar or after jurors excused if necessary	No	
		ו s, e many: y parties)	6-8 (extra pre- emptory if more than 8)	During court's exam; otherwise – at the time (unless reason to take up individually); pass the panel for cause	Yes, although only done once per stipulation to allow 1 of 8 go, but parties jointly	One of her favorite parts; tries to open the dialogue; believes attorneys need to develop rapport; don't waste it; don't
Patricco	Yes if appropriate (complex,			before pre-empts.	withdrew stipulation	preview evidence
	sensitive, controversial, high profile) and agreed upon. At least 30 days.	15 S	7	Typically at the time (utilizing side-bars if needed) unless individual voir dire is	No, unless for good cause	Call in about 25 jurors; 13 are in the box (7 + 3 preempts per side) important for all jurors to listen in case there are for cause
Grasham	Generally No, but if appropriate to flush out a particular concern – jointly proposed. At least 45 days	nutes s :e many by parties), nding on	7 (unless longer than 1 week, then maybe more)	necessary	No, unless for good cause	challenges Questions should be geared toward ferreting out possible bias or other reasons a juror may not be suitable (NOT to lay the seeds or argue your case)

Judge	Questionnaires?	
Nye	No (as a matter of course nor has it happened yet)	Factors
Winmill	Yes if jointly proposed and	Need to be jointly proposed
	appropriate	Some Sensitive or
Dale	Yes (especially if stipulated) pretrial publicity; sensitive topics not readily	Controversial Issues
	addressed in voir dire; lengthy trials. At least 60 days	Complex or High-Profile
Patricco	Yes if appropriate (complex, sensitive, controversial, high profile) and agreed	Case
Grasham	upon. At least 30 days. <u>Generally</u> No, but if appropriate to flush out a particular concern – jointly proposed. At least 45 days	Timing Matters! Likely need to submit 30-60 days in advance of trial



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SOCIAL MEDIA JUROR INQUIRIES

(a) Attorneys may use websites available to the public, including social media websites, for juror or prospective juror research, so long as:

(1) The website or information is available and accessible to the public;

District Local Rule Civ 47.2 (Civil)

(2) The attorney does not send an access request to a juror's electronic social media;

(3) No direct communication or contact occurs between the attorney and a juror or prospective juror as a result of the research, including, but not limited to Facebook "friend" requests, Twitter or Instagram "follow" requests, LinkedIn "connection" requests, or other forms of internet and social

(4) Social media research is done anonymously. For example, a search on a social media site must not disclose requestion amonymously. For example, a search on a social media site must accessible to the public and not the result of an attorney's account on said social media site; and

(5) Deception is not used to gain access to any website or to obtain any information. (b) Third parties working of the Generic of the band of all other and the same restrictions as set forth above for attorneys.

(c) If an attorney b promesavers of approximation of a prospective jurges sond of that is criminal or fraudulent, IRPC 3.3(b) requires the attorney to take remediat measures including, if necessary, reporting the matter to the Court.

(d) If an attomet be an star a star of the posting to the Court. dire

Advisory Committee Notes

Jurors will be advised during the orientation process that their backgrounds will be of interest to the litigants and that the attorneys in the case may investigate their backgrounds, including a review of internet websites and social media.

If there is not a method of conducting the internet research in a manner which prevents the juror or prospective juror from discovering who is doing the research, the research shall not be done because it would constitute an inappropriate communication. Attorneys must be familiar with the technology and internet tools they use to be able to do searches, including automatic, subscriber-notification features so as to maintain anonymity in any search.





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